DIETHYLENETRIAMINE See ETHYLENEDIAMINE, Method 2540, for Procedure

 $H_2N(CH_2)_2NH(CH_2)_2NH_2$ RTECS: IE1225000 MW: 103.2 CAS: 111-40-0

METHOD: 2540, Issue 2 **EVALUATION: UNRATED** Issue 1: 15 May 1989

Issue 2: 15 August 1994

OSHA: no PEL PROPERTIES: liquid; d 0.96 g/mL @ 20 °C;

BP 206.7 °C; VP 0.5 kPa (0.37 mm Hg); NIOSH: 1 ppm (skin)

ACGIH: 1 ppm (skin) flash point 98 °C $(1 ppm = 4.21 mg/m^3)$

SYNONYMS: diethylenetriamine: DETA; aminoethylethandiamine; 3-azapentane-1,5-diamine; bis(2-aminoethyl)amine

SAMPLING **MEASUREMENT** SAMPLER: SOLID SORBENT TUBE TECHNIQUE: HPLC, UV DETECTION

(1-naphthylisothiocyanatecoated XAD-2, 80 mg/40 mg) ANALYTE: naphthylisothiourea derivative of analytes

DESORPTION: 2 mL dimethylformamide (DMF), FLOW RATE: 0.01 to 0.1 L/min [1]

ultrasonic 30 min

VOL-MIN: 1 L @ 10 ppm INJECTION VOLUME: 10 µL -MAX: 20 L

SAMPLE

BLANKS:

BIAS:

ACCURACY:

STABILITY:

SHIPMENT: routine COLUMN: 10-µm radial cyano, 10 cm x 8-mm ID in

Waters RCM-100 radial compression

mode

>30 days @ 20 °C [2] MOBILE PHASE: 50/50 isoctane/isopropanol at

3 mL/min

CALIBRATION: standard solutions of derivatives in DMF

ACCURACY RANGE: 1 to 80 µg per sample

RANGE STUDIED: $0.016 \text{ to } 8 \text{ mg/m}^3$; ESTIMATED LOD: 0.16 µg per sample

(10-L samples)

PRECISION (S,): 0.007 OVERALL PRECISION (\$,T): 0.06 [1]

-1.9%

±13.5%

2 to 10 field blanks per set

APPLICABILITY: The working range for DETA is 0.05 to 150 mg/m³ for a 10-L air sample. This method is the result of evaluation

[2] of OSHA Method #60 for DETA, EDA, TETA [1]. The theoretical capacity of each front section is 1.5 mg of DETA.

INTERFERENCES: Other primary or secondary amines may react with the sampler coating reagent, and thereby reduce the sampler capacity.

OTHER METHODS: This replaces NIOSH Method P&CAM 276 [3]. The method of Anderson, et al., for EDA [4] is an alternate method using thiourea derivatization and HPLC analysis.